Verbal Reasoning 11+
Practice Test

Read the instructions carefully.

- Do not begin the test or open the booklet until told to do so.
- Work as quickly and as carefully as you can.
- Each question will tell you whether to write an answer or to underline an answer from a given set of options.
- You may do rough working on a separate sheet of paper.
- If you make a mistake cross or rub it out and write the new answer clearly.
- You will have 50 minutes to complete the test.

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Practice Test

85 Questions:
50 Minutes

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Underline the two words, one from each group, which are closest in meaning.

Example (race, shop, start) (finish, begin, end)
1 (funny, happy, silly) (clown, foolish, sad)
2 (reception, enquiry, equip) (appoint, apparatus, investigation)
3 (trunk, oak, branch) (acorn, tree, chest)
4 (rain, damp, water) (moist, drop, dew)
5 (bowl, cricket, ball) (sport, bat, basin)
6 (wave, signal, sea) (shore, curl, length)

Underline the two words which are the odd ones out in the following groups of words.

Example black king purple green house
court tennis baseball net rounders
shout bawl murmur bellow sigh
plaice caviar halibut fish herring
marble granite cement gravel limestone
caring kind tidy clever thoughtful

Underline the two words, one from each group, which are the most opposite in meaning.

Example (dawn, early, wake) (late, stop, sunrise)
12 (lead, heavy, weight) (kilogram, scales, light)
13 (match, light, game) (box, contrast, competition)
14 (clever, sharp, blade) (acid, blunt, knife)
15 (doubt, turmoil, random) (disarray, order, confusion)
16 (creamy, flat, smooth) (level, rough, stony)

Continue to the next page
Underline the one word in the brackets which will go equally well with both the pairs of words outside the brackets.

**Example** rush, attack cost, fee (price, hasten, strike, charge, money)
17 drop, cry rip, split (sad, separate, tear, fall, gash)
18 orchestra, baton actions, manners (music, behaviour, score, notes, conduct)
19 copy, reproduce version, type (photograph, write, model, card, letter)
20 sign, prompt bat, racquet (cue, ball, stage, table, note)
21 leap, hurdle fastened, strapped (jump, tighten, bound, close, barrier)
22 retire, withdraw shelter, haven (post, reverse, protection, retreat, harbour)

Find the three-letter word which can be added to the letters in capitals to make a new word. The new word will complete the sentence sensibly.

**Example** The cat sprang onto the MO. USE
23 She kicked her heels and GOPED away. ______
24 Their HOAY location was ideal. ______
25 Sean has chosen dentistry as his future OCATION. ______
26 Her voice was RIED away by the wind. ______
27 She wanted the meat SLD thinly. ______
28 The HOSAL was near the station. ______

Find the letter which will complete both pairs of words, ending the first word and starting the second. The same letter must be used for both pairs of words.

**Example** mea (t) able. fi (t) ub
29 mal (____) ens har (____) wig
30 pai (____) ice fai (____) imp
31 sen (____) one rai (____) are
32 live (____) age rea (____) ow
33 vet (____) ats tang (____) pen

Underline two words, one from each group, that go together to form a new word. The word in the first group always comes first.

**Example** hand, green, for) (light, house, sure)
34 (time, mess, carry) (age, zone, fall)
35 (net, full, for) (fill, sent, tune)
36 (cat, car, pen) (mat, sill, pet)
37 (view, stood, pen) (sill, point, still)
38 (hammer, finger, hit) (tool, hard, nail)
39 (alter, opera, mode) (ate, rite, native)
Find the four-letter word hidden at the end of one word and the beginning of the next word. The order of the letters may not be changed.

**Example**  The children had bats and balls.  **SAND**

40 They were soon lying in the sunshine.  
41 He opened a window near his desk.  
42 He left the camel tied to a post.  
43 Grandpa and Grandma left on Monday.  
44 John and Jay had fun, they especially enjoyed the ice cream!  
45 He wanted to play the game alone.  

Move one letter from the first word and add it to the second word to make two new words.

**Example**  hunt  sip  hut  snip

46 coast  got  
47 through  same  
48 black  gave  
49 title  plane  
50 tramp  lips  
51 board  finer  

Look at the first group of three words. The word in the middle has been made from the other two words. Complete the second group of three words in the same way, making a new word in the middle.

**Example**  PAIN  INTO  TOOK  ALSO  SOON  ONLY

52 MALE  LOAD  FOOD  MILK  _______  BARN  
53 TOTAL  TITLE  FIELD  STAMP  _______  SHEEP  
54 WIND  GOWN  SONG  SHOP  _______  PLEA  
55 TIMID  AIMED  CREAM  CROWN  _______  MOOSE  
56 TIME  HINT  THEN  DOOR  _______  SCAR  
57 KNEES  STEER  TREES  FINDS  _______  TRAIN
Fill in the missing letters. The alphabet has been written out to help you.

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

**Example**  AB is to CD as PQ is to RS

58  JQ is to GN as MS is to

59  UW is to XT as MO is to

60  JF is to GC as EA is to

61  DS is to WH as BR is to

62  MP is to SV as YB is to

Complete the following sentences in the best way by choosing one word from each set of brackets.

**Example**  Tall is to (tree, short, colour) as narrow is to (thin, white, wide).

63  Money is to (coins, bank, shopping) as tea is to (sandwich, cup, caddy).

64  Sausage is to (party, roll, cocktail) as jam is to (jar, fruit, tart).

65  Lava is to (lamp, caterpillar, volcano) as coal is to (fuel, mine, fire).

66  Geology is to (countries, mountains, rocks) as cardiology is to (exercise, hearts, medicine).

67  Trout is to (fisherman, water, net) as mole is to (hole, ground, gardener).

Give the two missing numbers in the following sequences.

**Example**  2  4  6  8  10  12

68  1 3 15 31 127

69  62 67 70 68 73

70  1 2 5 7 8

Look at the pattern between the numbers in the first two triplets, then apply the same rule to complete the third triplet.


72  33 [27] 6  69 [65] 4  __ [19] 13

73  41 [52] 11  29 [46] 17  53 [___] 17

These number codes represent the words given but you are not told which code matches which word.

74  Find and underline the code for TOES.

4215  4267  7326  6734

STOP  PEST  PEAR  TOES
75 Find and underline the code for JADE.
1436 5367 3231 2354
REAM AJAR DAMP JADE
76 Find and underline the code for BEAM.
1725 5423 6235 1234
CRAB LAMB CAME BEAM
77 Match the codes and words below to work out the code for CART. _________
23675 25341 45728 65327
TRACE WRECK CATER CRAWL
78 The boat is sailing east of the marina.
The marina is south of the cinema.
The school is west of the marina.
The sports centre is south of the school.
In which direction is the sports centre from the boat? _________
79 Read the first two statements and then underline one of the four options below that must be true.
‘Koalas only eat eucalyptus leaves. Eucalyptus trees grow in Australia.’
Eucalyptus leaves are inedible.
All trees in Australia are eucalyptus trees.
Koalas live in trees.
Koalas live in Australia.
Give the answer to each of these calculations as a letter.

Example If A = 1, B = 2, C = 3, D = 4 and E = 5:

\[ B + D - E = A \]

If A = 2, B = 3, C = 5, D = 6, E = 7 and F = 10

80 \( (B \times E) - (C + D) = \) _________
81 \( (A \times F) - (B \times C) = \) _________
82 \( (E - B) + D \div A = \) _________

If A = 10, B = 8, C = 15, D = 25 and E = 5:

83 \( \frac{(C + D)}{(A - B)} - E = \) _________
84 \( \frac{(A \times E)}{D} + B = \) _________

Using the given values above, find the sum of this word.

85 DABBED _________